

4 – Our Puritan and Baptist Heritage
The Men Behind the First London Baptist Confession of Faith

1. Background: The situation in England
 - (a) Persecution of _____ and _____
 - (b) In _____ the Toleration Act allowed _____ for dissenters and non-conformists

2. _____ had gone to _____ to escape persecution
 - (a) In 1633 _____ pastored a newly formed church teaching believers baptism
 - (b) In the 1640's 53 were baptized by _____

3. 1644/46 – First London Baptist Confession of Faith

4. Thomas Patient
 - (a) by 1625 was in London, advocating _____
 - (b) In New England, advocated _____
 - (c) _____ in 1639
 - (d) Associated with _____
 - (e) Signed _____ and _____ editions of the First LBCF as co-elder of Devonshire Square church with Kiffin
 - (f) Doctrine of _____: Acts 22:16; Eph. 2:12; John 3:5,6

5. William Kiffin
 - (a) After conversion, was a _____ of the Jacob/Lathrop/Jessey church
 - (b) Was part of the second group that joined the church pastored by _____
 - (c) Preached at that church, before going to the Devonshire Square church in London
 - (d) Signed _____ editions of the First LBCF and also the Second LBCF
 - (e) Kiffin saw communion as testifying to the _____, which required being _____ and the spirit (that is, it was only for baptized believers)

6. Hanserd Knollys
 - (a) In his day, possibly the best-known Baptist of the era
 - (b) Arrested for preaching against the _____ in 1636
 - (c) Spent four years in _____, to avoid persecution
 - (d) Signed the _____ edition of the First Confession (1646) as well as the 1689 (1677) Second London Baptist Confession
 - (e) Imprisoned for preaching _____, even into his 80's

7. Benjamine Coxe (Cox, Cockes)
 - (a) Known as a zealous _____
 - (b) Pastor of the church known as _____
 - (c) _____ had him arrested for preaching against infant baptism
 - (d) Signed the _____ edition of the First Confession (1646) and the Second LBCF
 - (e) Father of _____